**Ethics**

***Ethics refers to a system of or the way people***

***All psychologists must follow a , which applies to the treatment of both .***

**Research with Human Subjects**

Researchers must get from their subjects before beginning research.

means that:

* Subjects must , and they must .
* Researchers have an ethical obligation to . If there is any risk of harm, they must .
* Researchers also must if they wish to stop participating for any reason.
* Researchers have an obligation to .

***Deception***

Some psychological research cannot be done when subjects are fully informed about the purpose of the research, because people sometimes .

To study people’s normal behaviour, researchers sometimes have to .

Deception is considered ethical only if:

* The study will .
* It would be .
* Subjects can learn

**Research with Animal Subjects**

Although most psychological research involves human subjects, some psychologists study animal subjects .

Research with animal subjects has helped psychologists do the following:

* Learn facts about
* Find ways to solve
* Study issues that cannot be studied using human subjects
* Refine theories about
* Improve

Many people question the ethics of animal research because it can involve procedures such as .

Psychologists have ethical obligations to treat animal subjects humanely and to do research on animals .

People who are against animal research maintain three arguments:

1. Animals should have .
2. Society should enact safeguards to .
3. Researchers should not put the well-being of humans .